

PROWLER

Maximize your Cloud Security Compliance Assessments
with Open Source and a pinch of AI

Andoni & Pedro ~ cfgmgmtcamp 2026

\$ aws sts get-caller-identity



Security & Compliance Engineer at Prowler

 /pedro-martin-gon

 pedroot



Cloud Security Engineer at Prowler

 /andoniaf

 andoniaf



CLI

Command Line Interface



APP/Cloud

Full tour thru our amazing project



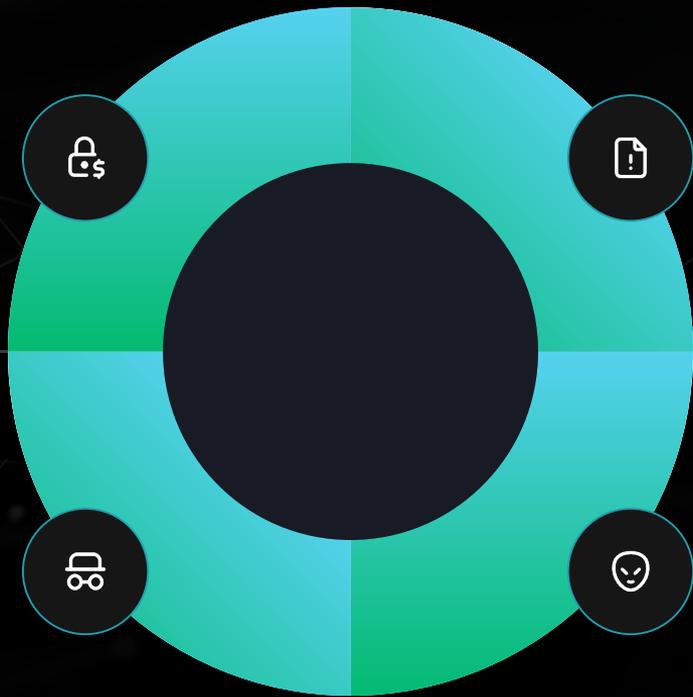
MCP

Of course! All time

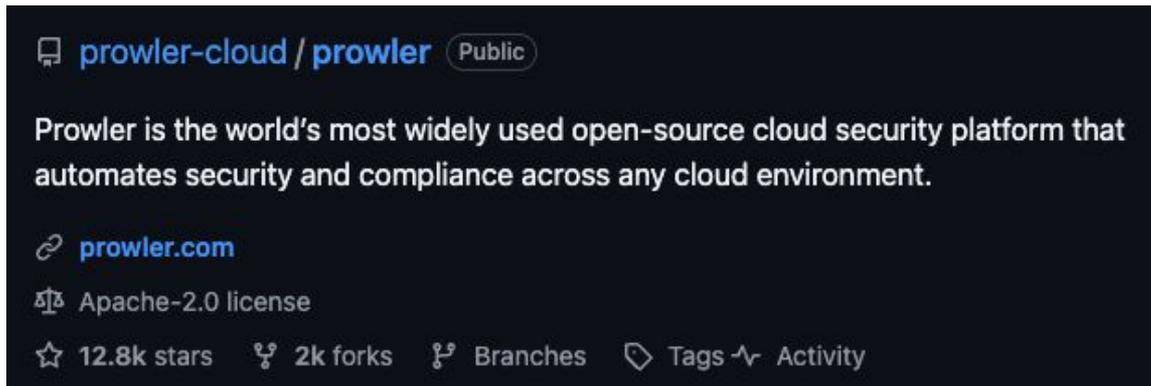


Contributing

Do you want to improve things?
Great ideas? Go for it!



What is Prowler?



A screenshot of the GitHub repository page for Prowler. The repository is titled "prowler-cloud / prowler" and is marked as "Public". The description states: "Prowler is the world's most widely used open-source cloud security platform that automates security and compliance across any cloud environment." Below the description, there is a link to "prowler.com" and the license is listed as "Apache-2.0 license". At the bottom, statistics are shown: 12.8k stars, 2k forks, Branches, Tags, and Activity.



A screenshot of the "PROVIDERS" section in the Prowler application. It lists various cloud providers with their respective logos and the number of providers supported for each. The list includes: Alibaba Cloud (63), AWS (580), Azure (162), Google Cloud (99), GitHub (20), Infra As Code (1102), Kubernetes (83), LLM (52), Microsoft365 (72), MongoDB Atlas (10), NHN Cloud (5), and Oracle Cloud (51).

Provider	Count
Alibaba Cloud	63
AWS	580
Azure	162
Google Cloud	99
GitHub	20
Infra As Code	1102
Kubernetes	83
LLM	52
Microsoft365	72
MongoDB Atlas	10
NHN Cloud	5
Oracle Cloud	51

Prowler is the world's most widely used open-source (ALv2) tool for cloud security

40M+
downloads

1M+
downloads/week

300+
contributors

What is Prowler? Product and Services: Our Platform

Prowler Project (CLI and self-hosted app)

- Open Source Multi-Cloud Security Scanner for AWS, Azure, GCP, K8s, Github and more
- Continuous monitoring, security assessments and audits, incident response, compliance, hardening and forensics readiness.
- Runs on-premises and in the cloud.
- Includes CLI, SDK, API, and UI for versatility.
- github.com/prowler-cloud/prowler

Prowler Cloud

- Prowler Managed Service handles hosted Prowler with customer signups, billing, and management. Supports payments via Marketplaces and Stripe.
- Resource and Scan based pricing.
- 24x7 proactive monitoring by ProwlerPro, Inc
- Automatic updates, patching, and new versions with Backup and High-Availability setup
- Enterprise grade compliance (SOC2 Type 2)
- Enterprise Support SLA and more!
- cloud.prowler.com

Prowler Hub



- Public knowledge base with our artifacts covering providers, services, checks, remediations, code and more.
- All artifacts are exposed via API and web UI for easy consumption and two ways integration with Prowler, Prowler Studio and third parties.
- hub.prowler.com

Prowler Studio - MCP

- Create, share, and run detection checks, remediations, and compliance frameworks using our online SDK and AI.
- <https://github.com/prowler-cloud/prowler-studio>



Launch Scan

All providers

All accounts

- Overview
- Compliance
- Lighthouse AI
- Attack Paths NEW
- Findings
- Resources
- Configuration
- Cloud Providers
- Mutelist
- Provider Groups
- Scan Jobs
- Integrations
- Roles
- Lighthouse AI
- Organization
- Support & Help
- Prowler Hub

Prowler Threat Score



Major gaps include MFA enabled for 'root', Hardware MFA enabled for 'root'

Check Findings



4487 Fail Findings | 9229 Pass Findings
4487 New | 9229 New

Risk Severity



Service Watchlist

ecs	2094
s3	509
rds	410
secretsmanager	254
iam	164

New Findings | Risk Pipeline | Threat Map

Enable Lighthouse to secure your cloud with AI insights

LATEST NEW FAILING FINDINGS

Showing the latest 10 new failing findings by severity.

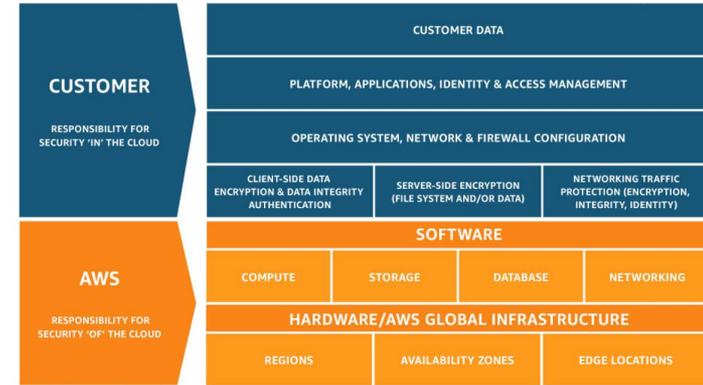
Check out on Findings

Details	Finding	Resource name	Severity	Status	Last seen	Region	Service	Cloud Provider
	Ensure there are no S3 buckets open to Everyone or Any AWS user.	...-artifacts	Critical	Fail	Dec 02, 2025 1:51 PM	eu-west-1	s3	aws Prowler
	Ensure only hardware MFA is enabled for the root account	...t_account>	Critical	Fail	Dec 02, 2025 1:49 PM	eu-west-1	iam	aws Prowler
	Ensure only hardware MFA is enabled for the root account	...t_account>	Critical	Fail	Dec 02, 2025 12:37 PM	eu-west-1	iam	aws Prowler

And why do I need Prowler?

Top 5 Cloud Security Threats & Common Attacks

1. **Misconfigurations**
 - Public exposed resources, weak IAM policies, unrestricted security groups
2. **IAM vulnerabilities**
 - Credential theft, privilege escalation, brute force attacks
3. **Insecure APIs and Interfaces**
 - API key leaks, MITM attacks, rate-limiting bypass
4. **Data Breaches and Exfiltration**
 - Unencrypted data exposure, insider threats, SQL injection attacks.
5. **Inadequate Monitoring and Logging**
 - Log tampering, cryptojacking, lack of real-time alerts



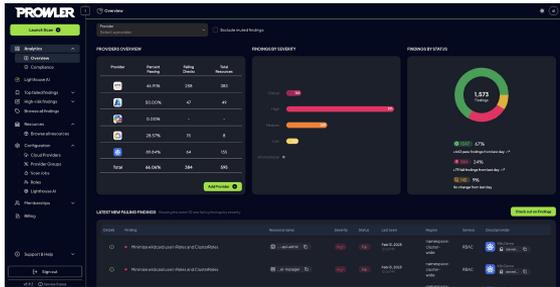
From <https://aws.amazon.com/es/compliance/shared-responsibility-model/>

Responsibility	On-premises	IaaS	PaaS	SaaS	FaaS
Data classification and accountability	●	●	●	●	●
Client and end-point protection	●	●	●	●	●
Identity and access management	●	●	●	●	●
Application-level controls	●	●	●	●	●
Network controls	●	●	●	●	●
Host infrastructure	●	●	●	●	●
Physical security	●	●	●	●	●

● Cloud Customer ● Cloud Provider

From <https://www.cisecurity.org/insights/blog/shared-responsibility-cloud-security-what-you-need-to-know>

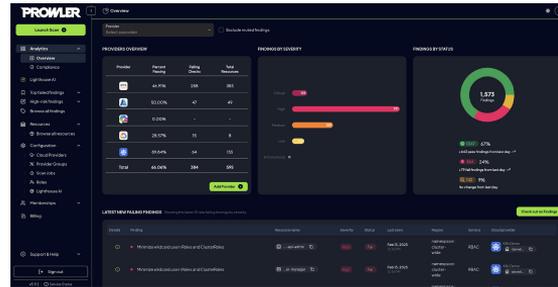
Prowler Use-Cases



Security Monitoring

Address security risks before they become incidents

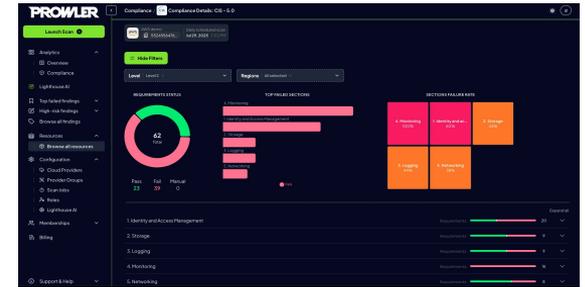
- Minimize financial impact of theft, fraud, & remediation costs
- Protect sensitive data & IP
- Maintain customer trust & brand value



IaC monitoring

Static code analysis for Infrastructure as Code (Terraform, Cloudformation, Kubernetes YAML)

- Early detection of security risks
- Lifecycle coverage and DevOps integration of security posture
- Increased development velocity



Compliance

Audit & Compliance Assessments (including CIS, SOC2, HIPAA, PCI, CISA, NIST, ISO27001, etc.)

- Reduce audit burden
- Enable business growth & time-to-market
- Improve operational efficiency and cost-effectiveness

How to contribute?

The screenshot shows the Prowler website's 'Developer Guide' page. The page is dark-themed with white text. At the top, there's a search bar and navigation links for 'Prowler Hub' and 'Prowler Cloud'. The main navigation bar includes 'Getting Started', 'Guides', 'Developer Guide' (which is highlighted), 'Security', 'Contact Us', 'Troubleshooting', 'About Us', 'Changelog', and 'Public Roadmap'. On the left sidebar, there are social media links for GitHub, Slack, and YouTube, and a 'Concepts' section with 'Introduction to developing in Prowler' highlighted. The main content area is titled 'Introduction to developing in Prowler' and includes a sub-section 'Extending Prowler' with a list of use cases: 'New security checks', 'New compliance frameworks', 'New output formats', 'New integrations', and 'New proposed features'. Below this is a section 'Getting the Code and Installing All Dependencies' with a 'Prerequisites' list: 'Git is installed' and 'Python 3.9 or higher is installed'. On the right sidebar, there's a 'On this page' section with a list of links: 'Getting the Code and Installing All Dependencies', 'Prerequisites', 'Forking the Prowler Repository', 'Cloning Your Forked Repository', 'Dependency Management and Environment Isolation', 'Installing Dependencies', 'Contributing to Prowler', 'Ways to Contribute', 'Pre-Commit Hooks', 'Code Quality and Security Checks', 'Dependency Management', 'Repository Folder Structure', 'Pull Request Checklist', 'Contribution Appreciation', and 'Testing a Pull Request from a Specific Branch'.



goto.prowler.com/devguide



roadmap.prowler.com/roadmap



Lab 0 - Installation

Inside your environment shell, run the following commands to make sure Prowler v5 and Python are ready:

```
python3 --version # >=3.9, <=3.12
```

```
pipx install prowler # https://pipx.pypa.io/stable/installation/
```

```
prowler -v
```

To make sure you have the latest version do:

```
pipx upgrade prowler
```



Lab 1: AWS Authentication in Prowler

Make sure you have properly configured your AWS-CLI with a valid Access Key and Region or declare AWS variables properly (or instance profile/role):

```
aws configure
```

or

```
export AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID="ASXXXXXXXX"  
export AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY="XXXXXXXXXX"  
export AWS_SESSION_TOKEN="XXXXXXXXXX"
```

To use a particular AWS profile (~/.aws/credentials or ~/.aws/config)

```
prowler aws -p <profile_name>
```

Permissions templates: <https://github.com/prowler-cloud/prowler/tree/master/permissions>

```
arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/SecurityAudit
```

```
arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/job-function/ViewOnlyAccess
```

<https://tinyurl.com/bddxch2n>



Lab 1: AWS Role Assumption

Set-up custom profile in: `~/.aws/config` with all the needed information. Then, use

```
prowler aws -p/--profile your-custom-profile
```

Profile example:

```
[profile crossaccountrole]
role_arn = arn:aws:iam::234567890123:role/SomeRole
credential_source = EcsContainer
```

Prowler can assume an IAM role in remote or the same account to scan.

In Prowler v5, parameters are merged in a single flag → `-R/--role <role_arn>`

```
prowler aws -R arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/ProwlerRole
```

Optional flags when assuming a role:

- `-T/--session-duration <seconds>` *by default 3600 seconds
- `-I/--external-id <external_id>`



Lab 2: GitHub

Automatic Login Method Detection

If no login method is explicitly provided, Prowler will automatically attempt to authenticate using environment variables in the following order of precedence:

`GITHUB_PERSONAL_ACCESS_TOKEN`

`GITHUB_OAUTH_APP_TOKEN`

`GITHUB_APP_ID` and `GITHUB_APP_KEY` (where the key is the content of the private key file)

- Personal Access Token (PAT) -> `prowler github --personal-access-token pat`
- OAuth App Token -> `prowler github --oauth-app-token oauth_token`
- GitHub App Credentials -> `prowler github --github-app-id app_id --github-app-key-path app_key_path`

Quick Test:

```
export GITHUB_PERSONAL_ACCESS_TOKEN=$(gh auth token)
prowler github
```



Lab 3: IaC

Prowler CLI supports the following scanners:

- Vulnerability
- Misconfiguration
- Secret
- License

By default, only misconfiguration and secret scanners run during a scan.

- Scan directory -> `prowler iac --scan-path ./my-iac-directory`
- Remote GH repository -> `prowler iac --scan-repository-url https://github.com/user/repo.git`
- Specify Scanners -> `prowler iac --scan-path ./my-iac-directory --scanners vuln misconfig`



Lab 4: Mutelisting

The *Mutelist* feature can be used to “skip” PASS or FAIL findings that sometimes are either not important or an assumed risk. For example, an AWS S3 bucket open to the internet hosting a web site.

```
Mutelist:
  Accounts:
    "123456789012":
      Checks:
        "iam_user_hardware_mfa_enabled":
          Regions:
            - "us-east-1"
          Resources:
            - "user-1"           # Will mute user-1 in check iam_user_hardware_mfa_enabled
            - "user-2"           # Will mute user-2 in check iam_user_hardware_mfa_enabled
        "ec2_*":
          Regions:
            - "*"
          Resources:
            - "*"                 # Will mute every EC2 check in every account and region
        "*":
          Regions:
            - "*"
          Resources:
            - "test"
          Tags:
            - "test=test"        # Will mute every resource containing the string "test" and the tags "test=test" and
            - "project=test|project=stage" # either of ('project=test' OR project=stage) in account 123456789012 and every
region
```





Lab 5: Compliance

- Prowler supports Compliance Frameworks for AWS, Azure, GCP, K8S ...(e.g., CIS, PCI-DSS, etc.)
- Each Compliance Framework:
 - Has different requirements that match with one or more Prowler checks.
 - Will create a dedicated report based on its own requirements and the result of the scan in CSV.
- Definition JSON per Compliance Framework with all the information and the mapping of the checks are located in `prowler/compliance/<provider>/`
- Run the checks of a specific compliance framework from a provider with:

```
prowler <provider> --compliance <compliance>
```

 - *E.g.:* `.prowler aws --compliance cis_1.5_aws`



Lab 5: Compliance II

```
{
  "Framework": "<framework>",
  "Version": "<version>",
  "Provider": "<provider>",
  "Description": "Compliance Framework full description",
  "Requirements": [
    {
      "Id": "<unique-id>",
      "Name": "Requirement Name",
      "Description": "Requirements full description",
      "Checks": [
        "Here is the prowler check or checks that is going to be executed"
      ],
      "Attributes": [
        {
          <Custom attributes for the Requirement>
        }
      ]
    },
    ...
  ]
}
```



Lab 5: Compliance III

- List all available compliance frameworks of a provider with:
`prowler <provider> --list-compliance`
 - *Eg.:* `prowler aws --list-compliance`
- List compliance requirements for a given compliance with:
`prowler <provider> --list-compliance-requirements <compliance>`
 - *Eg.:* `prowler aws --list-compliance-requirements cis_1.5_aws`
- Run the checks of a specific compliance framework from a provider with:
`prowler <provider> --compliance <compliance>`
 - *Eg.:* `prowler aws --compliance cis_1.5_aws`



Lab 5: Compliance IV

1. List the available compliance frameworks
 - `prowler <provider> --list-compliance`
2. Choose one compliance framework and run Prowler based on that compliance:
 - E.g: `prowler aws --compliance cis_2.0_aws`

Compliance Status of **CIS_2.0_AWS** Framework:

80.69% (117) FAIL 17.24% (25) PASS 0.0% (0) MUTED

Framework **CIS_2.0_AWS** Results:

Provider	Section	Level 1	Level 2	Muted
AWS	1. Identity and Access Management	FAIL(30)	FAIL(1)	0
AWS	3. Logging	FAIL(17)	FAIL(17)	0
AWS	4. Monitoring	FAIL(10)	FAIL(22)	0
AWS	5. Networking	FAIL(3)	FAIL(17)	0

* Only sections containing results appear.

Detailed results of CIS_2.0_AWS are in:

- CSV: /Users/pedroprowler/Desktop/pedroprowler/prowler/output/compliance/prowler-output-

-20240412104051_cis_2.0_aws.csv

Lab 6: ThreatScore

Prowler ThreatScore identifies and highlights the most critical findings, giving each requirement a weighted score based on its severity. This allows you to quickly understand the level of risk, prioritize remediation, and focus on what needs fixing as soon as possible, all from a compliance-driven perspective, ready for a wrap-up or PDF report.



PROWLER

Prowler ThreatScore Report

Compliance Framework	ProwlerThreatScore
Compliance ID:	prowler_threatscore_aws
Version:	1.0
Scan ID:	0197acdf-138c-7b87-b7b8-f86d85d8c58d
Description:	Prowler ThreatScore Compliance Framework for AWS ensures that the AWS account is compliant taking into account four main pillars: Identity and Access Management, Attack Surface, Forensic Readiness and Encryption




Top Requirements by Level of Risk

Critical Failed Requirements (Risk Level ≥ 4)

Found 1 critical failed requirements that require immediate attention:

Risk	Weight	Requirement ID	Title	Section
4	100	1.3.1	IAM policies with full privileges not attached	1.IAM

IMMEDIATE ACTION REQUIRED: These requirements have the highest risk levels and have failed compliance checks. Please prioritize addressing these issues to improve your security posture.



Lab 7: AWS Security Hub integration

- Prowler creates a JSON formatted as AWS Security Finding Format (ASFF) per finding.
- Sends each ASFF finding per region to Security Hub using the official integration.
- An entire list of ASFF findings is generated and store in an output json file.
- Using flag `-S` or `--security-hub`
- Adding flag `--status FAIL` will send only fails which will reduce the number of findings sent to Security Hub.
- Since Security Hub is region based, use `--region <region>`



Prowler: Prowler

Description

Prowler is an Open Source security tool to perform AWS checks related to security best practices, hardening and continuous monitoring. Includes all CIS controls plus more than 100 additional checks.

Type of integration

Sends findings to Security Hub

Categories

Cloud Compliance and Best Practices Checks, Governance, Risk, and Compliance (GRC)

How to receive findings from this integration

1. Purchase a subscription to this product
2. Follow the integration's configuration instructions:
[Configure](#)

Status

 Accepting findings. [See findings](#)

Stop accepting findings



CLI

Lab 8: Upload reports to a S3 Bucket

Use `prowler aws -B my-bucket`

If you can use a custom folder and/or filename, use `-o/--output-directory` and/or `-F/--output-filename`

```
prowler aws \  
  -B my-bucket \  
  --output-directory test-folder \  
  --output-filename output-filename
```

By default Prowler sends HTML, JSON and CSV output formats, if you want to send a custom output format or a single one of the defaults you can specify it with the `-M/--output-modes` flag.

```
prowler aws -M csv -B my-bucket
```

* Make sure that the used credentials have `s3:PutObject` permissions in the S3 path where the reports are going to be uploaded.



CLI

Lab 9: Slack Integration

Prowler can be integrated with Slack to send a summary of the execution having configured a Slack APP in your channel with the following command:

```
prowler <provider> --slack
```



Prowler APP 1:27 PM
Hey there 🙌
I'm Prowler, the handy cloud security tool ☁️🔑

I have just finished the security assessment on your AWS Account [redacted] with a total of **1283** findings.

✅ 955 Passed findings (74.43%)
❌ 328 Failed findings (25.57%)
📊 391 Resources

Used parameters: `prowler aws --log-level ERROR -f eu-west-1 -p dev`

Join our Slack Community!

Prowler 





CLI

Lab 10: Custom Check Metadata

The custom metadata option offers a means to override default metadata set by Prowler

Use `--custom-checks-metadata-file`

- Severity
- CheckTitle
- Risk
- RelatedUrl
- Remediation
- Code
 - CLI
 - NativelaC
 - Other
 - Terraform
- Recommendation
 - Text
 - Url

ProwlerUser

- ✓ Installation
- ✓ Add a Provider
- ✓ Run a Scan
- ✓ Check Findings
- ✓ Check Compliance
- ✓ Lighthouse AI 
- ✓ RBAC
- ✓ Attack Paths

PROWLER

Launch Scan

- Overview
- Compliance
- Lighthouse AI
- Attack Paths NEW
- Findings
- Resources
- Configuration
- Cloud Providers
- Mutelist
- Provider Groups
- Scan Jobs
- Integrations
- Roles
- Lighthouse AI
- Organization
- Billing
- Support & Help
- Prowler Hub

04f2769 | Service Status

Overview
🔍 🔄 🏠 ↗

All providers

All accounts

Prowler ThreatScore



94.19%
Secure

👍 Prowler ThreatScore has improved by 0.17%

📌 Major gaps include MFA enabled for 'root', Hardware MFA enabled for 'root'

Check Findings



16,802
Total Findings

▲ 4907 Fail Findings
| ▲ 591 New

● 11895 Pass Findings
| ▲ 1375 New

Risk Severity

Critical	<div style="width: 11%; height: 10px; background-color: #ff0000;"></div>	11% • 559
High	<div style="width: 32%; height: 10px; background-color: #ff6600;"></div>	32% • 1,574
Medium	<div style="width: 33%; height: 10px; background-color: #ffcc00;"></div>	33% • 1,638
Low	<div style="width: 23%; height: 10px; background-color: #ffff00;"></div>	23% • 1,136
Info	<div style="width: 0%; height: 10px; background-color: #000000;"></div>	0% • 0

Resource Inventory View All Resources

<p>Container 1084 Resources</p> <p>▲ 1927 Fail Findings ▲ 94 New</p>	<p>Security 640 Resources</p> <p>▲ 560 Fail Findings ▲ 99 New</p>	<p>Storage 197 Resources</p> <p>▲ 453 Fail Findings ▲ 19 New</p>	<p>Database 108 Resources</p> <p>▲ 347 Fail Findings ▲ 88 New</p>
<p>Monitoring 280 Resources</p> <p>▲ 339 Fail Findings ▲ 88 New</p>	<p>IAM 863 Resources</p> <p>▲ 290 Fail Findings ▲ 37 New</p>	<p>Network 343 Resources</p> <p>▲ 246 Fail Findings ▲ 65 New</p>	<p>Compute 225 Resources</p> <p>▲ 187 Fail Findings ▲ 39 New</p>



Lab 12 - Installation

You can install the new Prowler App using [Docker Compose](#):

```
curl -LO
```

```
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/prowler-cloud/prowler/refs/heads/master/docker-compose.yml
```

```
curl -LO
```

```
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/prowler-cloud/prowler/refs/heads/master/.env
```

```
docker compose up -d
```

Enjoy Prowler App at <http://localhost:3000> by signing up with your email and password.

Google and GitHub authentication is only available in [Prowler Cloud](#)

NOTE: Containers are built for `linux/amd64`. If your workstation's architecture is different, please

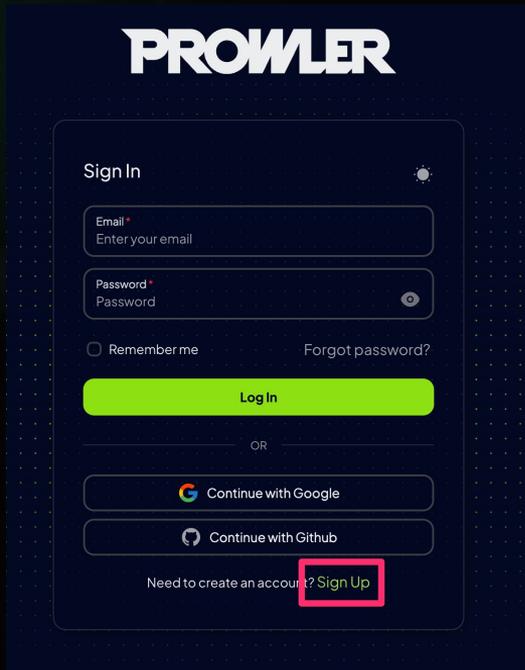
set `DOCKER_DEFAULT_PLATFORM=linux/amd64` in your environment or use the `--platform`

`linux/amd64` flag in the docker command.

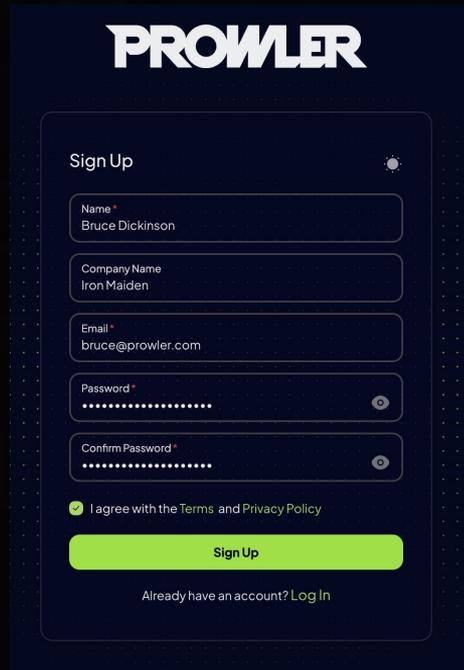
Lab 21: Sign Up and Log In

Go to <http://localhost:3000> after installing the app. Sign up with your email and password.

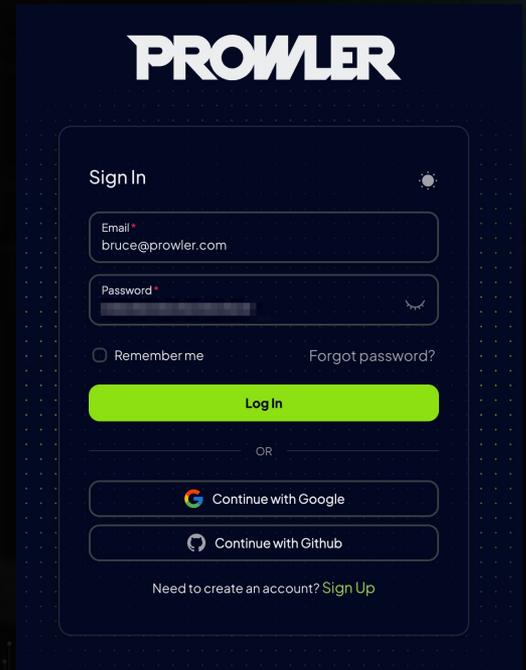
Log in with your email and password to start using the Prowler App.



The image shows the Prowler Sign In screen. At the top is the 'PROWLER' logo. Below it is a 'Sign In' header with a moon icon. There are two input fields: 'Email *' with the placeholder 'Enter your email' and 'Password *' with a toggle eye icon. Below the fields are two options: 'Remember me' (unchecked) and 'Forgot password?'. A large green 'Log In' button is centered. Below the button is an 'OR' separator. There are two buttons for social login: 'Continue with Google' and 'Continue with Github'. At the bottom, there is a link: 'Need to create an account? Sign Up', where 'Sign Up' is highlighted with a red box.



The image shows the Prowler Sign Up screen. At the top is the 'PROWLER' logo. Below it is a 'Sign Up' header with a moon icon. There are four input fields: 'Name *' with the value 'Bruce Dickinson', 'Company Name' with the value 'Iron Maiden', 'Email *' with the value 'bruce@prowler.com', and 'Password *' with a toggle eye icon. Below the password field is a 'Confirm Password *' field with a toggle eye icon. Below the fields is a checked checkbox for 'I agree with the Terms and Privacy Policy'. A large green 'Sign Up' button is centered. At the bottom, there is a link: 'Already have an account? Log In'.



The image shows the Prowler Sign In screen with the fields filled. At the top is the 'PROWLER' logo. Below it is a 'Sign In' header with a moon icon. The 'Email *' field contains 'bruce@prowler.com' and the 'Password *' field is filled with a greyed-out password. Below the fields are two options: 'Remember me' (unchecked) and 'Forgot password?'. A large green 'Log In' button is centered. Below the button is an 'OR' separator. There are two buttons for social login: 'Continue with Google' and 'Continue with Github'. At the bottom, there is a link: 'Need to create an account? Sign Up'.

Optional: SAML Single Sign-On (SSO)

Key Features

- **IdP-Initiated SSO:** Users can initiate login from their Identity Provider's dashboard.
- **SP-Initiated SSO:** Users can initiate login directly from the Prowler login page.
- **Just-in-Time Provisioning:** Users from the organization signing into Prowler for the first time will be automatically created.

Prerequisites

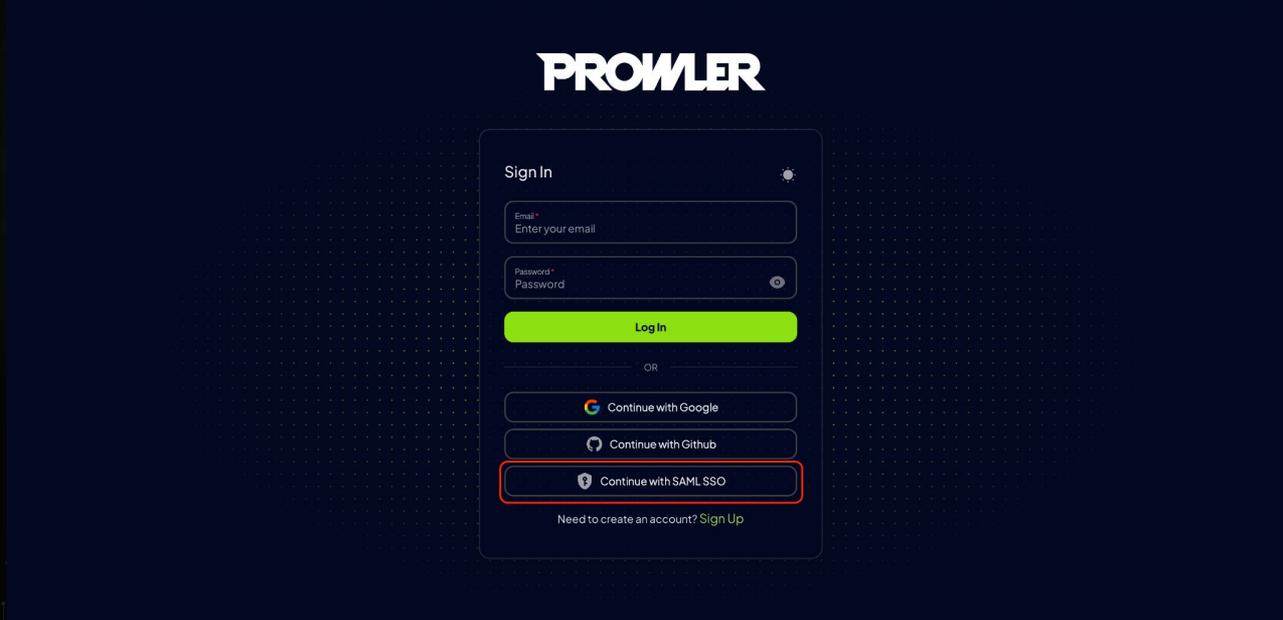
- Administrator access to the Prowler organization is required.
- Administrative access to the SAML 2.0 compliant Identity Provider (e.g., Okta, Azure AD, Google Workspace) is necessary.

Check the configuration steps from the Prowler Docs [here](#)

goto.prowler.com/sso-config

Optional: SAML Single Sign-On (SSO)

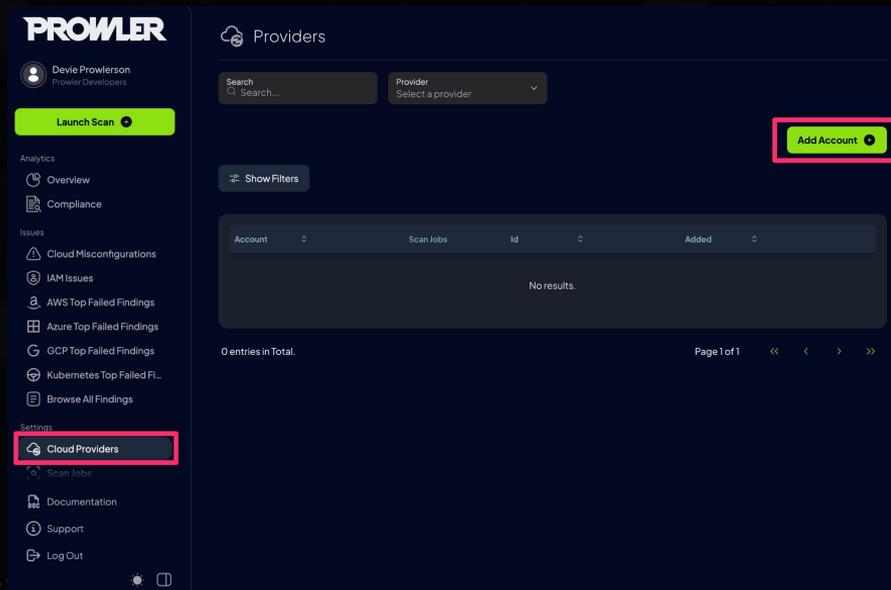
Once **SAML SSO** is enabled, users from the configured domain can sign in by entering their email address on the login page and clicking "**Continue with SAML SSO**". They will be redirected to the IdP to authenticate and then returned to Prowler.



Lab 22: Add a Provider

To run your first scan, you need to add a cloud provider account. Prowler App supports AWS, Azure, GCP, and Kubernetes.

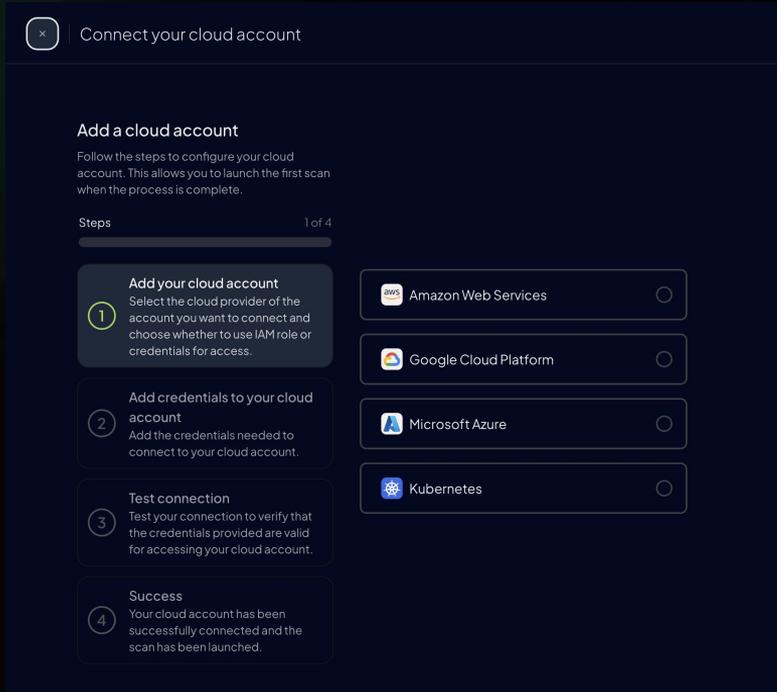
1. Navigate to [Settings > Cloud Providers](#).
2. Click [Add Account](#) to set up a new provider and provide your credentials:



The screenshot displays the Prowler application interface. On the left sidebar, the 'Cloud Providers' option is highlighted with a red box. The main content area shows the 'Providers' page with a search bar, a dropdown menu for 'Provider', and a table with columns 'Account', 'Scan Jobs', 'Id', and 'Added'. The table is currently empty, displaying 'No results.' The 'Add Account' button is highlighted with a red box in the top right corner of the main content area.

Lab 23: Add a Provider

Choose the provider you want to scan from the following options:



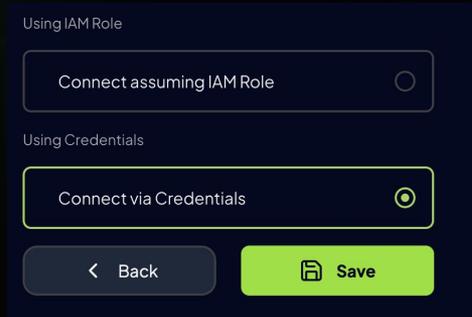
Once you've selected a provider, you need to provide the **Provider UID**:

- AWS: Enter your **AWS Account ID**.
- GCP: Enter your **GCP Project ID**.
- Azure: Enter your **Azure Subscription ID**.
- Kubernetes: Enter your **Kubernetes Cluster context** of your kubeconfig file.

Lab 24: Add a Provider - AWS

Choose one of the following methods to connect with your AWS account:

- Select **Connect via Credentials** to use AWS Access Keys.
Enter your **Access Key ID**, **Secret Access Key** and optionally a **Session Token**



Using IAM Role

Connect assuming IAM Role

Using Credentials

Connect via Credentials

< Back

Save



Connect via Credentials

Please provide the information for your AWS credentials.

AWS Access Key ID *
.....

AWS Secret Access Key *
.....

AWS Session Token
.....

Save

Lab 25: Add a Provider - AWS

- Select Connect assuming IAM Role:
Enter the Role ARN and any optional field like the AWS Access Keys to assume the role, the **External ID**, the **Role Session Name** or the **Session Duration**:

Using IAM Role

Connect assuming IAM Role

Using Credentials

Connect via Credentials

[← Back](#) [Save](#)

Add a cloud account

Follow the steps to configure your cloud account. This allows you to launch the first scan when the process is complete.

Steps 2 of 4



Add your cloud account

Select the cloud provider of the account you want to connect and choose whether to use IAM role or credentials for access.



Add credentials to your cloud account

Add the credentials needed to connect to your cloud account.



Test connection

Test your connection to verify that the credentials provided are valid for accessing your cloud account.



Success

Your cloud account has been successfully connected and the scan has been launched.

Connect assuming IAM Role

Please provide the information for your AWS credentials.

Role ARN *
arn:aws:iam::0123456789012:role/prowler-rol

Optional fields

AWS Access Key ID
Enter the AWS Access Key ID

AWS Secret Access Key
Enter the AWS Secret Access Key

AWS Session Token
Enter the AWS Session Token

External ID
Enter the External ID

Role Session Name
ProwlerSession

Session Duration
(seconds)
3600

[Save](#)

Lab 26: Add a Provider - Azure

Prowler App uses Service Principal Application to authenticate with Azure. This service principal should have the following permissions:

- `Directory.Read.All`
- `Policy.Read.All`
- `UserAuthenticationMethod.Read.All`

Then, enter the `Tenant ID`, `Client ID` and `Client Secret` of the created service principal application.

The screenshot shows a multi-step wizard titled "Add a cloud account" for Microsoft Azure. It includes a progress bar, a list of steps, and a form for entering credentials.

Add a cloud account
Follow the steps to configure your cloud account. This allows you to launch the first scan when the process is complete.

Steps 2 of 4

1 Add your cloud account
Select the cloud provider of the account you want to connect and choose whether to use IAM role or credentials for access.

2 Add credentials to your cloud account
Add the credentials needed to connect to your cloud account.

3 Test connection
Test your connection to verify that the credentials provided are valid for accessing your cloud account.

4 Success
Your cloud account has been successfully connected and the scan has been launched.

Microsoft Azure

Connect via Credentials
Please provide the information for your Azure credentials.

Client ID *
[Redacted]

Client Secret *
[Redacted]

Tenant ID *
[Redacted]

Next >

Lab 27: Add a Provider - GCP

To connect your GCP Project, you need to use the Application Default Credentials (ADC) returned by the gcloud CLI. Here's how to set up:

1. Run the following command in your terminal to authenticate with GCP:

```
gcloud auth application-default login
```

2. Once authenticated, get the **Client ID**, **Client Secret** and **Refresh Token** from `~/.config/gcloud/application_default_credentials`.
3. Paste the **Client ID**, **Client Secret** and **Refresh Token** into the Prowler App.

Add a cloud account

Follow the steps to configure your cloud account. This allows you to launch the first scan when the process is complete.

Steps 2 of 4

Add your cloud account
Select the cloud provider of the account you want to connect and choose whether to use IAM role or credentials for access.

Add credentials to your cloud account
Add the credentials needed to connect to your cloud account.

Test connection
Test your connection to verify that the credentials provided are valid for accessing your cloud account.

Success
Your cloud account has been successfully connected and the scan has been launched.

Google Cloud Platform

Connect via Credentials

Please provide the information for your GCP credentials.

Client ID *

Client Secret *

Refresh Token *

Next >

Lab 28: Add a Provider - Kubernetes

For Kubernetes, Prowler App uses a `kubeconfig` file to authenticate, paste the contents of your `kubeconfig` file into the Kubeconfig content field.

**By default, the kubeconfig file is located at `~/.kube/config`

The screenshot shows a dark-themed interface for adding a cloud account. At the top, it says 'Add a cloud account' and provides instructions. A progress bar shows '2 of 4' steps. The first step, 'Add your cloud account', is completed with a green checkmark. The second step, 'Add credentials to your cloud account', is the current step, indicated by a '2' in a circle. Below the steps, there are four options: 'Add your cloud account' (checked), 'Add credentials to your cloud account' (selected), 'Test connection', and 'Success'. To the right, the 'Kubernetes' provider is selected, and the 'Connect via Credentials' section is active. It prompts the user to provide kubeconfig content and shows a text area with the following content: 'Kubeconfig Content *', 'apiVersion: v1', 'clusters:', '- cluster:', and 'certificate-authority-data:'. A 'Next >' button is at the bottom right.

Add a cloud account

Follow the steps to configure your cloud account. This allows you to launch the first scan when the process is complete.

Steps 2 of 4

Kubernetes

Connect via Credentials

Please provide the kubeconfig content for your Kubernetes credentials.

Kubeconfig Content *

```
apiVersion: v1
clusters:
- cluster:
certificate-authority-data:
```

Next >

Lab 29: Add a Provider - M365

To configure your M365 account, you'll need:

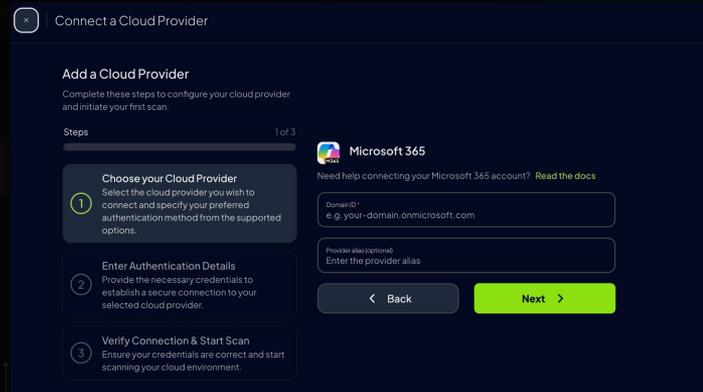
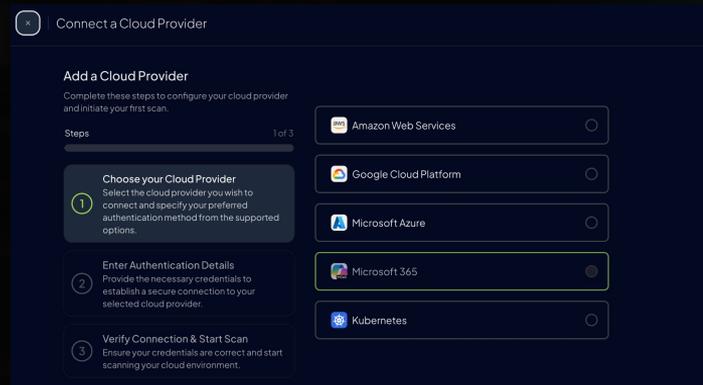
Obtain a domain from the Entra ID portal.

Access Prowler Cloud/App and add a new cloud provider Microsoft 365.

Configure your M365 account:

1. Create the Service Principal app.
2. Grant the required API permissions.
3. Assign the required roles to your user.
4. Add the credentials to Prowler Cloud/App.

Want more info? [Check docs](#)



Lab 30: Add a Provider - Github

Add your user name and choose the preferred authentication method:

- Personal Access Token (PAT) -> [Docs here](#)
- OAuth App Token -> [Docs here](#)
- GitHub App Credentials -> [Docs here](#)

Add a Cloud Provider
Complete these steps to configure your cloud provider and initiate your first scan.

Steps 2 of 3

Choose your Cloud Provider
Select the cloud provider you wish to connect and specify your preferred authentication method from the supported options.

2 **Enter Authentication Details**
Provide the necessary credentials to establish a secure connection to your selected cloud provider.

3 **Verify Connection & Start Scan**
Ensure your credentials are correct and start scanning your cloud environment.

Personal Access Token

OAuth App

GitHub App

Lab 31: Add a Provider

After adding your credentials of your cloud account, click the **Launch** button to verify that the Prowler App can successfully connect to your provider:

Add a cloud account

Follow the steps to configure your cloud account. This allows you to launch the first scan when the process is complete.

Steps 3 of 4

Add your cloud account
Select the cloud provider of the account you want to connect and choose whether to use IAM role or credentials for access.

Add credentials to your cloud account
Add the credentials needed to connect to your cloud account.

3 Test connection
Test your connection to verify that the credentials provided are valid for accessing your cloud account.

4 Success
Your cloud account has been successfully connected and the scan has been launched.

Test connection

Ensure all required credentials and configurations are completed accurately. A successful connection will enable the option to initiate a scan in the following step.

aws  AWS Account Test

Test connection and launch scan

Launch 

Lab 31: Analyze findings

Once the scan has started, you can track the progress of your scan in the **Scans** section:

The screenshot shows the Prowler Scans section. On the left is a sidebar with the Prowler logo, user information for Devie Prowlerson, a 'Launch Scan' button, and navigation links for Analytics (Overview, Compliance), Issues (Cloud Misconfigurations, IAM Issues, AWS Top Failed Findings, Azure Top Failed Findings, GCP Top Failed Findings, Kubernetes Top Failed Findings, Browse All Findings), and Settings (Cloud Providers, Scan Jobs, Documentation, Support, Log Out). The main content area is titled 'Scans' and includes a 'Launch Scan' dropdown menu, a 'Show Filters' button, and a refresh button. Below this is a table with one entry:

Details	Cloud provider	Started at	Status	Findings	Resources	Next execution	Completed at	Type
	AWS Account Test	Dec 01, 2024 12:34 PM UTC	9% Executing	See Findings	0	--	--	M...

1 entries in Total. Page 1 of 1

Lab 32: Analyze findings

While the scan is running, start exploring the findings in these sections:

- Browse All Findings: Detailed list of findings detected, where you can filter by severity, service, and more.

The screenshot shows the Prowler web interface. The sidebar on the left contains the Prowler logo, user information for Devie Prowler, and navigation links for 'Launch Scan', 'Analytics' (Overview, Compliance), 'Issues' (Cloud Misconfigurations, IAM Issues, AWS Top Failed Findings, Azure Top Failed Findings, GCP Top Failed Findings, Kubernetes Top Failed Findings, Browse All Findings), 'Settings' (Cloud Providers, Scan Jobs), and 'Membership' (Documentation, Support, Log Out). The main content area is titled 'Findings' and features a search bar, a date filter, and several filter buttons: 'Hide Filters', 'Severity', 'Status', 'Delta', 'Cloud Provider', 'Regions', 'Services', 'Provider UID', and 'Scan ID'. Below the filters is a table of findings.

Details	Finding	Severity	Status	Last seen	Region	Service	Cloud provider
	Ensure no EC2 instances allow ingress from the internet to TCP port 22 (SSH)	Critical	FAIL	Dec 01, 2024 12:40 PM UTC	eu-west-1	ec2	AWS Account Test
	Ensure That RDP Access Is Restricted From the Internet	Critical	FAIL	Dec 01, 2024 12:40 PM UTC	global	networking	GCP Project Test
	Ensure That SSH Access Is Restricted From the Internet	Critical	FAIL	Dec 01, 2024 12:40 PM UTC	global	networking	GCP Project Test
	Find secrets in Lambda functions variables.	Critical	PASS	Dec 01, 2024 12:35 PM UTC	us-east-1	lambda	AWS Account Test
	Find secrets in Lambda functions code.	Critical	PASS	Dec 01, 2024 12:35 PM UTC	eu-west-1	lambda	AWS Account Test
	Find secrets in Lambda functions code.	Critical	PASS	Dec 01, 2024 12:35 PM UTC	eu-west-1	lambda	AWS Account Test
	Find secrets in Lambda functions code.	Critical	PASS	Dec 01, 2024 12:35 PM UTC	us-west-2	lambda	AWS Account Test
	Find secrets in Lambda functions code.	Critical	PASS	Dec 01, 2024 12:35 PM UTC	us-east-1	lambda	AWS Account Test
	Ensure no EC2 instances allow ingress from the internet to TCP port 20 or 21 (FTP)	Critical	PASS	Dec 01, 2024 12:42 PM UTC	us-east-1	ec2	AWS Account Test

Lab 32: Analyze findings

While the scan is running, start exploring the findings in these sections:

- Overview: High-level summary of the scans.

The screenshot displays the Prowler Scan Overview dashboard. The interface includes a sidebar with navigation options like 'Launch Scan', 'Overview', 'Compliance', and 'Issues'. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- PROVIDERS OVERVIEW:** A table showing scan results for various providers.
- FINDINGS BY SEVERITY:** A horizontal bar chart showing the distribution of findings by severity level.
- FINDINGS BY STATUS:** A donut chart showing the overall status of findings, including pass and fail counts.
- LATEST 10 FAILING FINDINGS TO DATE BY SEVERITY:** A table listing the most recent failing findings.

Provider	Percent Passing	Failing Checks	Total Resources
AWS	75.74%	681	779
Azure	47.37%	40	44
GCP	22.62%	65	62
Kubernetes	85.59%	55	93
Total	75.17%	841	978

Severity	Count
Critical	8
High	526
Medium	119
Low	7
Informational	0

Status	Count	Percentage
Pass	487	75%
Fail	160	25%

Details	Finding	Severity	Status	Last seen	Region	Service	Cloud provider
🟢	Ensure That RDP Access Is Restricted From the Internet	Critical	FAIL	Dec 01, 2024 12:40 PM UTC	global	networking	GCP Project Test
🟢	Ensure That SSH Access Is Restricted From the Internet	Critical	FAIL	Dec 01, 2024 12:40 PM UTC	global	networking	GCP Project Test
🟢	Ensure no EC2 Instances allow ingress from the internet to TCP port 22 (SSH)	Critical	FAIL	Dec 01, 2024 12:42 PM UTC	eu-west-1	ec2	AWS Account Test

Lab 32: Analyze findings

While the scan is running, start exploring the findings in these sections:

- Compliance: Insights into compliance status.

The screenshot displays the Prowler Compliance dashboard. The interface includes a sidebar with navigation options like 'Launch Scan', 'Overview', 'Compliance', and 'Issues'. The main content area shows a grid of compliance frameworks, each with a 'Your Rating' and 'Passing Requirements'.

Framework	Your Rating	Passing Requirements
AWS Account Security Onboarding	25%	21 / 83
AWS Audit Manager Control Tower Guardrails	64%	9 / 14
AWS Foundational Security Best Practices	59%	22 / 37
AWS Foundational Technical Review	13%	6 / 45
AWS Well Architected Framework Reliability Pillar	66%	2 / 3
AWS Well Architected Framework Security Pillar	43%	25 / 57
CIS - 1.4	70%	41 / 58
CIS - 1.5	71%	45 / 63
CIS - 2.0	70%	45 / 64
CIS - 3.0	69%	43 / 62
CISA	37%	6 / 16
ENS - RD2022	40%	77 / 189
FedRAMP Low Revision 4	22%	4 / 18
FedRamp Moderate Revision 4	21%	14 / 64
FFIEC	29%	13 / 44
GDPR	0%	0 / 3
GxP 21 CFR Part 11	9%	1 / 11
GxP EU Annex 11	7%	1 / 14
HIPAA	6%	2 / 32
ISO27001 - 2013	98%	78 / 79
KISA ISMS P - 2023		
KISA ISMS P - 2023-korean		
MITRE ATTACK		
NIST 800 171 Revision 2		

Lab 33: Compliance in Prowler App

Check your "favorite" compliance and drill down thru requirements:

Prowler Compliance / CIS - 5.0

Launch Scan

aws ecr 9980578952... Daily scheduled scan Aug 08, 2025 8:58 AM

Hide Filters

Level: Level 2 Regions: All selected

REQUIREMENTS STATUS

62 Total

Pass: 27 Fail: 35 Manual: 0

TOP FAILED SECTIONS

4. Monitoring
1. Identity and Access Management
2. Storage
3. Logging

SECTIONS FAILURE RATE

4. Monitoring: 100%	1. Identity and ac...: 60%	2. Storage: 44%
3. Logging: 33%	5. Networking: 0%	

1. Identity and Access Management

Requirements: 20 / 20

1.1 - Do not create access keys during initial setup for IAM users with a console password **Pass**

Description: AWS console defaults to no check boxes selected when creating a new IAM user. When creating the IAM User credentials you have to determine what type of access they require. Programmatic access: The IAM user might need to make API calls, use the AWS CLI, or use the Tools for Windows PowerShell. In that case, create an access key (access key ID and a secret access key) for that user. AWS Management Console access: If the user needs to access the AWS Management Console, create a password for the user.

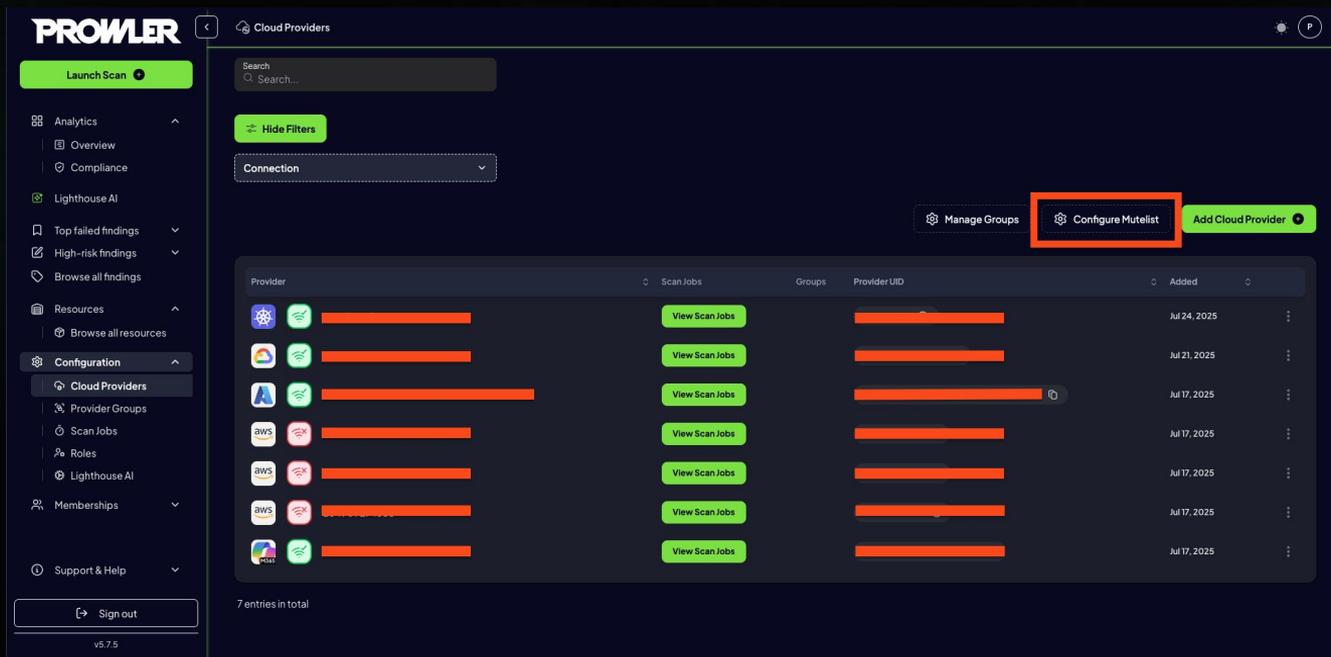
Profile: Level 1 Assessment: Manual

Optional: Mute listings in Prowler App

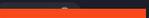
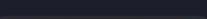
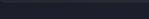
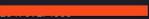
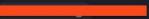
Prowler App allows users to mute specific findings to focus on the most critical security issues.

Go to **Cloud Providers** page and click on

 **Configure Mutelist**



The screenshot shows the Prowler App interface. The left sidebar contains navigation options: Launch Scan, Analytics, Lighthouse AI, Top failed findings, High-risk findings, Browse all findings, Resources, Configuration, and Support & Help. The main content area is titled 'Cloud Providers' and features a search bar, a 'Hide Filters' button, and a 'Connection' dropdown menu. A table lists cloud providers with columns for Provider, Scan Jobs, Groups, Provider UID, and Added. The 'Configure Mutelist' button is highlighted with a red box. The table contains 7 entries, each with a 'View Scan Jobs' button and a date.

Provider	Scan Jobs	Groups	Provider UID	Added
 				Jul 24, 2025
 				Jul 21, 2025
 				Jul 17, 2025
 				Jul 17, 2025
 				Jul 17, 2025
 				Jul 17, 2025
 				Jul 17, 2025

7 entries in total

Optional: Mutelisting in Prowler App

Fill the Mutelist config with a correct configuration.

Configure Mutelist

- This Mutelist configuration will take effect on the next scan.
- Mutelist configuration can be modified at anytime on the Providers and Scans pages.
- Learn more about configuring the Mutelist [here](#).
- A default Mutelist is used, to exclude certain predefined resources, if no Mutelist is provided.

Mutelist Configuration

```
Mutelist:
  Accounts:
    "123456789012":
      Checks:
        "iam_user_hardware_mfa_enabled":
          Regions:
            - "us-east-1"
          Resources:
            - "user-1"      # Will mute user-1 in check
            - "user-2"      # Will mute user-2 in check
          Description: "Findings related with the check"
        "ec2_*": # Will mute all the ec2 checks
          Regions:
            - "*"
          Resources:
            - "*"
<badformat>
```

Invalid YAML format: can not read a block mapping entry; a multiline key may not be an implicit key (18:1)

```
15|   Resources:
16|     - "*"
17| <badformat>
18|
```

Cancel

Save

Configure Mutelist

- This Mutelist configuration will take effect on the next scan.
- Mutelist configuration can be modified at anytime on the Providers and Scans pages.
- Learn more about configuring the Mutelist [here](#).
- A default Mutelist is used, to exclude certain predefined resources, if no Mutelist is provided.

Mutelist Configuration

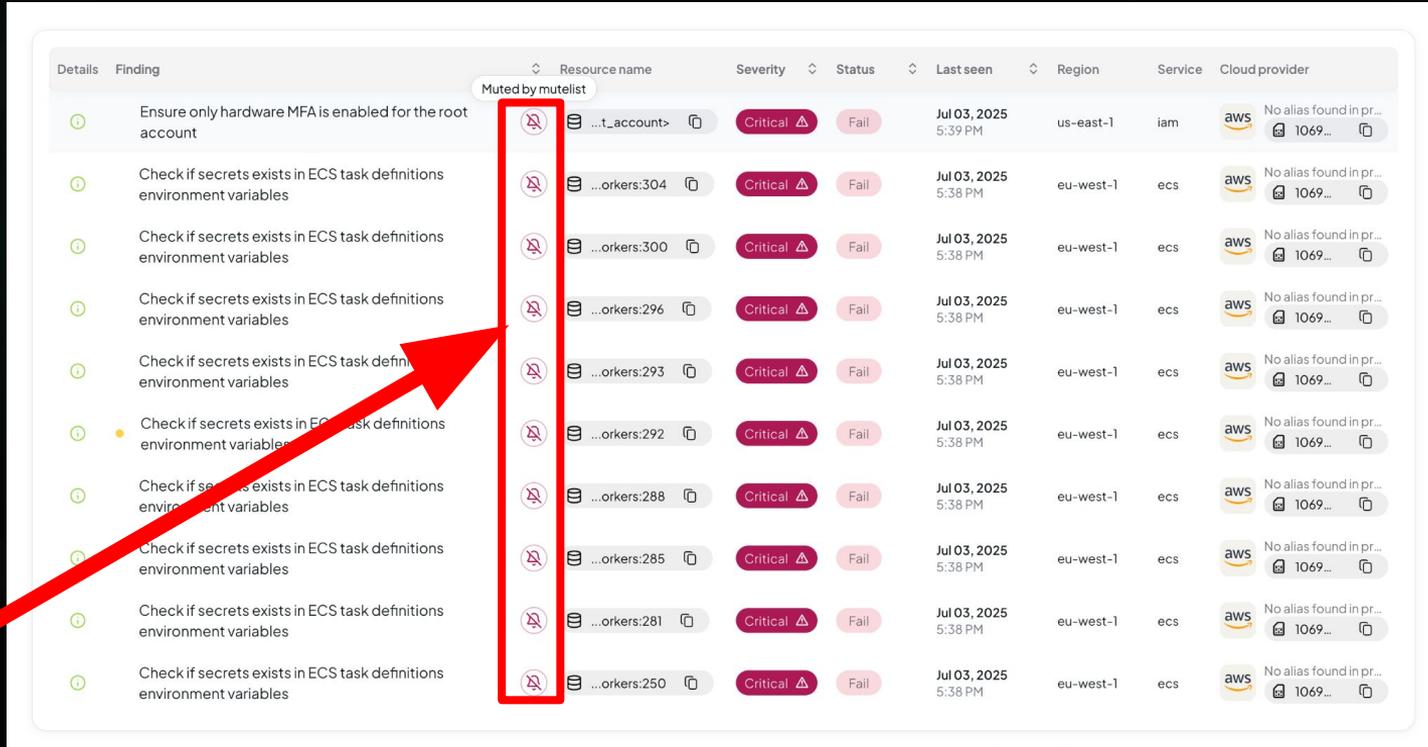
```
Mutelist:
  Accounts:
    "123456789012":
      Checks:
        "iam_user_hardware_mfa_enabled":
          Regions:
            - "us-east-1"
          Resources:
            - "user-1"      # Will mute user-1 in check
            - "user-2"      # Will mute user-2 in check
          Description: "Findings related with the check"
        "ec2_*": # Will mute all the ec2 checks
          Regions:
            - "*"
          Resources:
            - "*"
Valid YAML format
```

Cancel

Save

Optional: Mutelisting in Prowler App

Check for muted findings after the scan.



The screenshot shows a table of findings in the Prowler App. A red box highlights the 'Muted by mutelist' column, and a red arrow points to it from the left. The table contains the following data:

Details	Finding	Resource name	Severity	Status	Last seen	Region	Service	Cloud provider
	Ensure only hardware MFA is enabled for the root account	...t_account>	Critical	Fail	Jul 03, 2025 5:39 PM	us-east-1	iam	aws
	Check if secrets exists in ECS task definitions environment variables	...orkers:304	Critical	Fail	Jul 03, 2025 5:38 PM	eu-west-1	ecs	aws
	Check if secrets exists in ECS task definitions environment variables	...orkers:300	Critical	Fail	Jul 03, 2025 5:38 PM	eu-west-1	ecs	aws
	Check if secrets exists in ECS task definitions environment variables	...orkers:296	Critical	Fail	Jul 03, 2025 5:38 PM	eu-west-1	ecs	aws
	Check if secrets exists in ECS task definitions environment variables	...orkers:293	Critical	Fail	Jul 03, 2025 5:38 PM	eu-west-1	ecs	aws
	Check if secrets exists in ECS task definitions environment variables	...orkers:292	Critical	Fail	Jul 03, 2025 5:38 PM	eu-west-1	ecs	aws
	Check if secrets exists in ECS task definitions environment variables	...orkers:288	Critical	Fail	Jul 03, 2025 5:38 PM	eu-west-1	ecs	aws
	Check if secrets exists in ECS task definitions environment variables	...orkers:285	Critical	Fail	Jul 03, 2025 5:38 PM	eu-west-1	ecs	aws
	Check if secrets exists in ECS task definitions environment variables	...orkers:281	Critical	Fail	Jul 03, 2025 5:38 PM	eu-west-1	ecs	aws
	Check if secrets exists in ECS task definitions environment variables	...orkers:250	Critical	Fail	Jul 03, 2025 5:38 PM	eu-west-1	ecs	aws

Lab X - Lighthouse AI

PROWLER

Lighthouse AI / LLM Configuration

🔍
🔄
PO
🔗

Launch Scan

- 📄 Overview
- 🛡️ Compliance
- 🔗 Lighthouse AI
- 📁 Attack Paths NEW
- 🔍 Findings
- 📁 Resources
- ⚙️ Configuration ^
- ☁️ Cloud Providers
- 👥 Mutelist
- 🔗 Provider Groups
- 🕒 Scan Jobs
- 🔗 Integrations
- 👤 Roles
- ⚙️ Lighthouse AI
- 👤 Organization v
- 📄 Billing
- 🔗 Support & Help v
- 🏠 Prowler Hub

LLM Providers

OpenAI

Industry-leading GPT models for general-purpose AI

Status

Not configured

Connect

Amazon Bedrock

AWS-managed AI with Claude, Llama, Titan & more

Status

Not configured

Connect

OpenAI Compatible

Connect to custom OpenAI-compatible endpoints

Status

Not configured

Connect

Settings

Business Context

Enter business context and relevant information for the chatbot (max 1000 characters)

0/1000 characters

📁 Save

0412769 🔗 Service Status

Lab X - Lighthouse AI

PROWLER  Lighthouse AI 🌙 🔔 PD ↗

Launch Scan

- Overview
- Compliance
- Lighthouse AI**
- Attack Paths** NEW
- Findings
- Resources
- Configuration ^
- Cloud Providers
- Mutelist
- Provider Groups
- Scan Jobs
- Integrations
- Roles
- Lighthouse AI
- Organization v
- Billing
- Support & Help v

v5.171 |  Service Status

Suggestions

- Are there any exposed S3 buckets in my AWS accounts?
- What is the risk of having RDS databases unencrypted?
- What is the CIS 1.10 compliance status of my Kubernetes cluster?
- List my highest privileged AWS IAM users with full admin access?

Type your message...





Lab X - RBAC

Manage the users from your tenant.

- Assign roles
- Permission scope

Role Name *
 Enter role name

Admin Permissions

Grant all admin permissions

Invite and Manage Users Manage Account

Unlimited Visibility Manage Cloud Providers

Manage Integrations Manage Scans

Manage Billing

Groups and Account Visibility

Select the groups this role will have access to. If no groups are selected and unlimited visibility is not enabled, the role will not have access to any accounts.

Select Groups

Select select groups

Cancel
Add Role

Roles

🔍
🔔
👤
🔒

Launch Scan

[Attack Paths](#) NEW

[Findings](#)

[Resources](#)

Configuration ^

[Cloud Providers](#)

[Mutelist](#)

[Provider Groups](#)

[Scan Jobs](#)

[Integrations](#)

Roles

[Lighthouse AI](#)

[Organization](#) ^

[Users](#)

[Invitations](#)

[Billing](#)

[Support & Help](#) v

[Prowler Hub](#)

v5.171 | [Service Status](#)

Search...
Permissions v
Add Role

7 Total Entries

Role v	Users v	Invitations v	Permissions v	Added v	⋮
admin	4 Users	3 Invitations	Unlimited	Jan 17, 2025	⋮
OnlyManageScans	No Users	2 Invitations	Limited	Jan 17, 2025	⋮
OnlyInviteAndManageUsers	No Users	No Invitations	Limited	Jan 17, 2025	⋮
OnlyManageCloudProviders	No Users	No Invitations	None	Jan 17, 2025	⋮
OnlyUnlimitedVisibility	No Users	No Invitations	None	Jan 17, 2025	⋮
ManageCloudProviders+UnlimitedVisibility	No Users	No Invitations	Limited	Jan 17, 2025	⋮
no_permissions	6 Users	1 Invitation	None	Jul 17, 2025	⋮

Lab X - Attack Path

PROWLER

Launch Scan

- Overview
- Compliance
- Lighthouse AI
- Attack Paths** NEW
- Findings
- Resources
- Configuration
- Cloud Providers
- Mutelist
- Provider Groups
- Scan Jobs
- Integrations
- Roles
- Lighthouse AI
- Organization
- Users
- Invitations

vS.17.1 | [Service Status](#)

Attack Paths / Attack Paths Analysis

[← Back to Full View](#)

🔍 🔍 🗑️ 📄 🔗

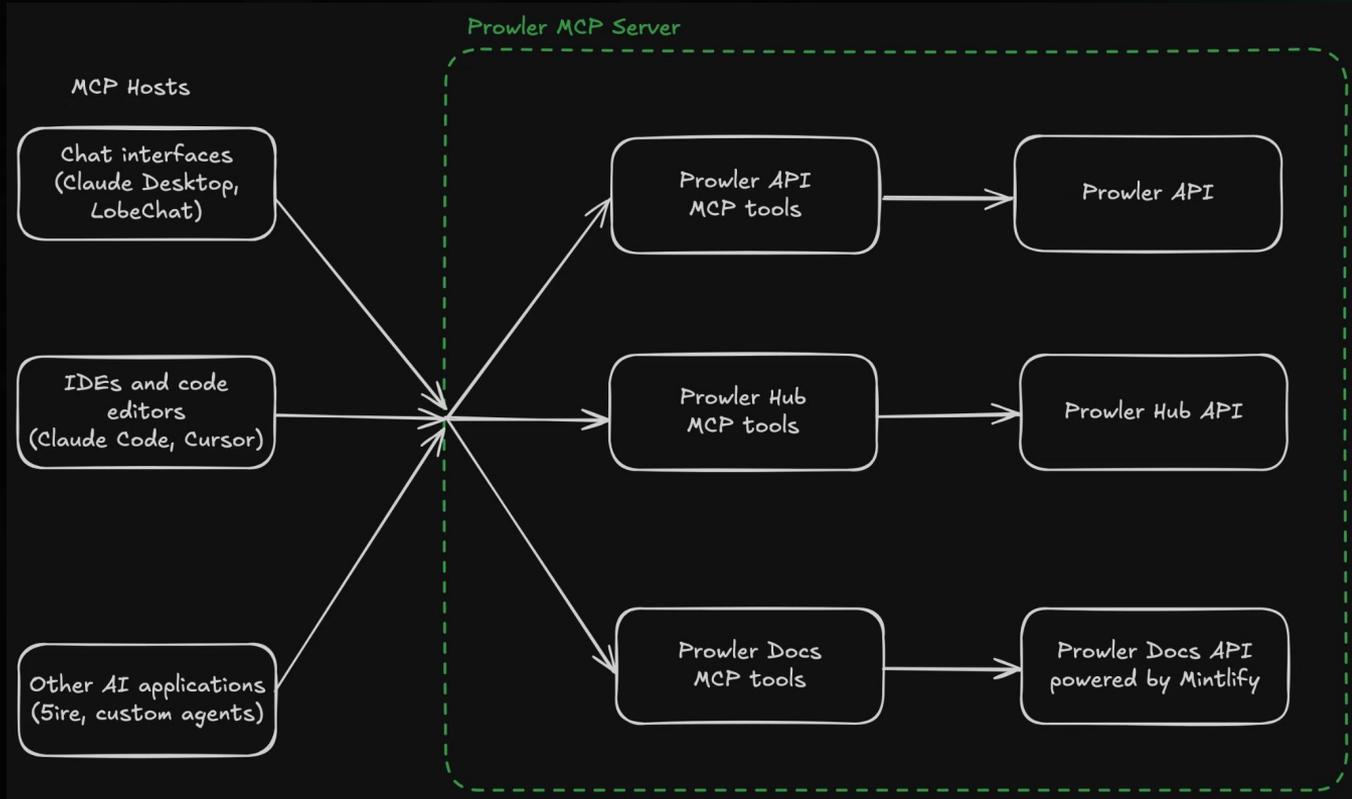
Critical
 High
 Medium
 Low
 AWS Account
 Database
 R D S Instance
 Tenant

Resource Connection
 Finding Connection

Ctrl + ⌘ • Scroll to zoom

MCP

- ✓ Prowler Cloud / App
- ✓ Prowler Hub
- ✓ Prowler Docs



which providers I have connected?

Organized provider inventory for clear presentation >

You have **10 providers** registered in Prowler. Here's a summary:

Provider	Alias	UID	Connected
AWS	prowler-demo	552 [redacted]	✔ Yes
Azure	azure-demo	b0d944f1- [redacted]	✔ Yes
GCP	gcp-demo	lucky-coast-419309 [redacted]	✔ Yes
M365	m365-demo	[redacted].onmicrosoft.com	✔ Yes
Kubernetes	K8S Demo	arn:aws:eks:eu-west-1:...	✘ Failed
Oracle Cloud	—	ocid1.tenancy.oc1...	● Not tested
GitHub	—	Piece0fM1nd	✔ Yes
IaC	IaC Demo	https://github.com/prowler-cloud/prowler	✔ Yes
IaC	—	https://github.com/andoniaf/test	✔ Yes
IaC	—	https://github.com/unicrons/secure-pipeline-workshop	✔ Yes

8 out of 10 providers are successfully connected. The **Kubernetes** provider has a failed connection, and the **Oracle Cloud** provider hasn't been tested yet. Would you like to troubleshoot either of those?

in my AWS account, do I have any buckets at risk?

Catalogued multiple security vulnerabilities across S3 buckets >

Yes, you have a significant number of S3 bucket issues — **123 failed findings** across your AWS account (`552455647653`). Here's a breakdown:

● Critical — Public Access (2 findings)

These buckets are **publicly accessible** via bucket policy, which is the highest-risk issue:

Bucket	Region	Note
<code>prowler-cfn-templates-example</code>	eu-west-1	
<code>demo-bucket-1763841210</code>	us-east-1	🔔 New

● High — Cross-Account Access & Account Config (4 findings)

Bucket / Resource	Issue
<code>prowler-cfn-templates-example</code>	Cross-account access allowed
<code>prowler-reports-demo</code>	Cross-account access allowed
<code>demo-bucket-1763841210</code>	Cross-account access allowed 📄
Account 552455647653	Block Public Access not configured at account level

● Medium — Widespread misconfigurations

Across ~13 buckets, recurring issues include:

- **Server access logging disabled** — on all [redacted] ets (13 findings)
- **Insecure transport allowed (no HTTPS enforcement)** — on all buckets (13 findings)

Reply...



Opus 4.5



prowler-studio

<https://github.com/prowler-cloud/prowler-studio/tree/new-product>

```
.../prowler-studio/.worktrees/ new-product  new-product
👉 uv sync
Resolved 59 packages in 4ms
Uninstalled 1 package in 0.26ms
- prowler==5.18.0 (from file:///Users/andoni/prowler_ws/prowler-studio/.worktrees/new-product/working/worktrees/prowler-838-1769684453)

.../prowler-studio/.worktrees/ new-product  new-product
👉 source .venv/bin/activate
```

```
.../prowler-studio/.worktrees/ new-product  new-product [prowler-studio]
👉 cat <<EOF > my_custom_check.md
Create an AWS check that fails if a EC2 instance with the tag 'environment' and the value 'production' has the port 1337 open.
EOF
```

```
~/proWler-studio/.worktrees/! new-product } new-product [?] [proWler-studio]
```

```
proWler-studio --help
```

Usage: proWler-studio [OPTIONS]

Create a Prowler check from a markdown ticket or Jira URL.

This will: 1. Clone/prepare the Prowler repository 2. Run the implementation agent to create the check 3. Verify the check is loaded correctly
You must provide either --ticket or --jira-url, not both.

Options

```
--branch -b TEXT Branch name (default: feat/<ticket>-<check_name> or feat/<check_name>)
--ticket -t PATH Path to the markdown check ticket file
--jira-url -j TEXT Jira ticket URL (e.g., https://mycompany.atlassian.net/browse/PROJ-123)
--working-dir -w PATH Path to the working directory (default: ./working) [default: working]
--no-worktree Legacy mode: work directly on main clone instead of using worktrees
--cleanup-worktree Remove worktree after successful PR creation
--install-completion Install completion for the current shell.
--show-completion Show completion for the current shell, to copy it or customize the installation.
--help Show this message and exit.
```

```
~/proWler-studio/.worktrees/! new-product } new-product [?] [proWler-studio]
```

```
( proWler-studio --ticket my_custom_check.md
```

```
[02/01/26 09:11:22] INFO =====
```

```
INFO WORKFLOW STARTED
```

```
INFO Log file: /Users/andoni/proWler_ws/proWler-studio/.worktrees/new-product/working/logs/2026-02-01_091122.log
```

```
INFO =====
```

```
INFO
```

```
INFO =====
```

```
INFO STAGE: Prowler Studio - Check Creation
```

```
INFO =====
```

```
INFO Log file: /Users/andoni/proWler_ws/proWler-studio/.worktrees/new-product/working/logs/2026-02-01_091122.log
```

```
Using existing Prowler repository at /Users/andoni/proWler_ws/proWler-studio/.worktrees/new-product/working/proWler
```

```
INFO Preparing repository...
```

```
Updating master branch...
```

```
✓ Updated master to latest
```

```
Creating worktree at /Users/andoni/proWler_ws/proWler-studio/.worktrees/new-product/working/worktrees/my-custom-check-1769933482...
```

```
✓ Created worktree with branch 'feat/new-check-1769933482'
```

```
[02/01/26 09:11:28] INFO Worktree: /Users/andoni/proWler_ws/proWler-studio/.worktrees/new-product/working/worktrees/my-custom-check-1769933482
```

```
Setting up Prowler AI skills...
```

```
✓ Prowler AI skills configured (29 skills)
```

```
Installing Prowler dependencies...
```

```
✓ Prowler dependencies installed
```

```
[02/01/26 09:11:41] INFO
```

```
INFO =====
```

```
INFO STAGE: Stage 1: Check Implementation
```

```
INFO =====
```

```
INFO Running implementation agent...
```

```
I'll implement this new AWS EC2 security check. Let me start by analyzing the requirements and researching existing patterns in the Prowler codebase. Let me analyze the requirements:
```

```
- **Provider**: AWS
```

```
- **Service**: EC2
```

```
- **Check Logic**: Fail if an EC2 instance has:
```

1. Tag 'environment' with value 'production'
2. Port 1337 open (via security group)

```
logging.py:53
```

```
logging.py:54
```

```
logging.py:55
```

```
logging.py:56
```

```
main.py:143
```

```
main.py:144
```

```
main.py:145
```

```
main.py:146
```

```
main.py:147
```

```
main.py:185
```

```
main.py:196
```

```
main.py:225
```

```
main.py:226
```

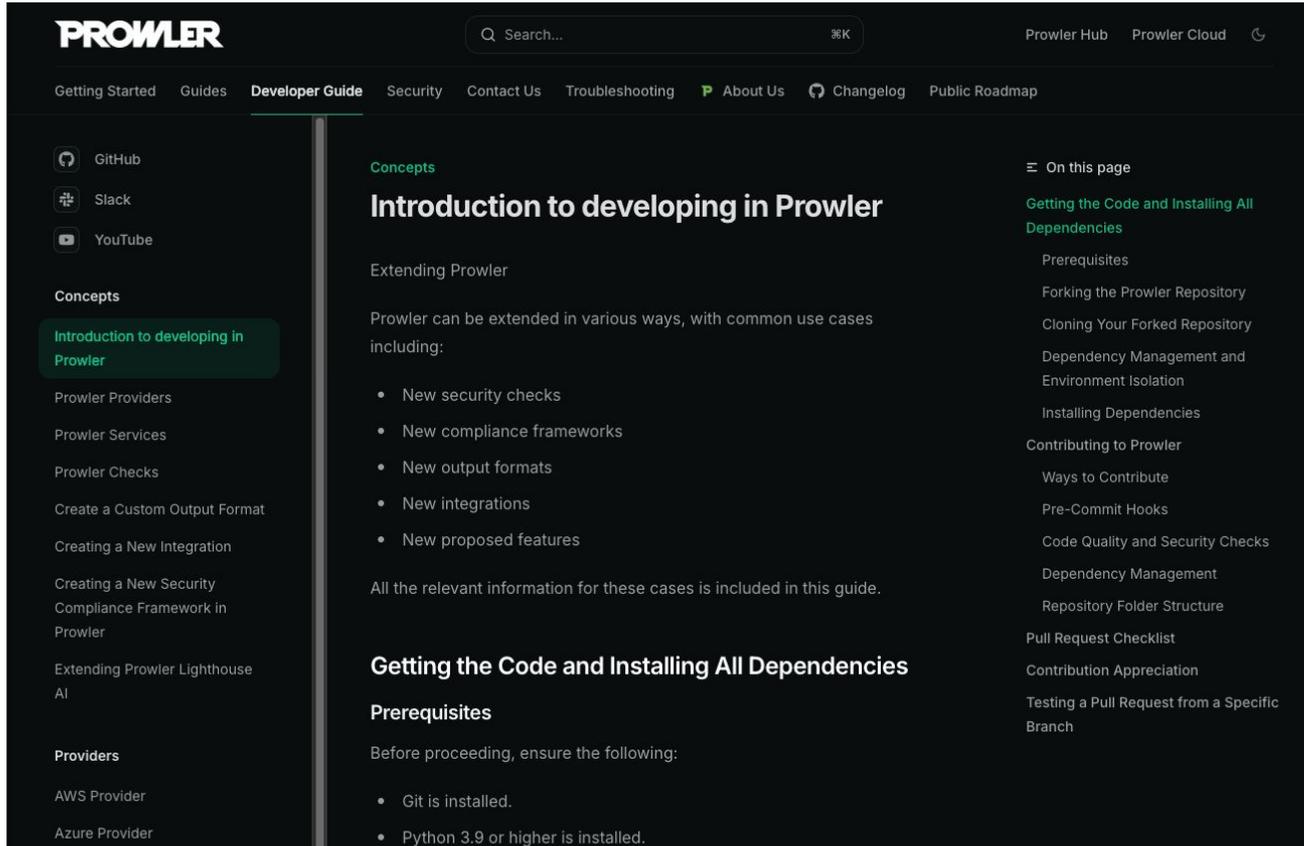
```
main.py:227
```

```
main.py:228
```

```
agent.py:75
```



How to contribute?



The screenshot shows the Prowler website's developer guide page. The page has a dark theme with white text. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the Prowler logo, a search bar, and links for Prowler Hub, Prowler Cloud, and a moon icon. Below the navigation bar is a secondary menu with links for Getting Started, Guides, Developer Guide (highlighted), Security, Contact Us, Troubleshooting, About Us, Changelog, and Public Roadmap. The main content area is divided into three columns. The left column contains social media links for GitHub, Slack, and YouTube, and a list of concepts including 'Introduction to developing in Prowler' (highlighted), Prowler Providers, Prowler Services, Prowler Checks, and various guides for creating custom output formats and integrations. The middle column is the main content area, featuring a 'Concepts' section with the title 'Introduction to developing in Prowler'. It explains that Prowler can be extended in various ways and lists common use cases: New security checks, New compliance frameworks, New output formats, New integrations, and New proposed features. It states that all relevant information for these cases is included in this guide. Below this is a section titled 'Getting the Code and Installing All Dependencies' with a 'Prerequisites' subsection. It lists two prerequisites: Git is installed and Python 3.9 or higher is installed. The right column contains a table of contents for the page, listing sections like 'On this page', 'Getting the Code and Installing All Dependencies', 'Prerequisites', 'Forking the Prowler Repository', 'Cloning Your Forked Repository', 'Dependency Management and Environment Isolation', 'Installing Dependencies', 'Contributing to Prowler', 'Ways to Contribute', 'Pre-Commit Hooks', 'Code Quality and Security Checks', 'Dependency Management', 'Repository Folder Structure', 'Pull Request Checklist', 'Contribution Appreciation', and 'Testing a Pull Request from a Specific Branch'.



goto.prowler.com/devguide

How to Create a new Check - I

- Prowler contains a providers folder which has a folder per provider:

```
prowler/providers/<provider>
```

```
|  
|- aws  
|- azure  
|- gcp  
|- kubernetes  
|- common # common functions and libraries for all providers
```

- Inside the provider folder there is a <provider>_provider.py where the credentials are managed and the session is generated so Prowler can start the scan for the specified provider.

```
prowler/providers/aws
```

```
|  
|- aws_provider.py  
|- __init__.py # empty init file to treat the folder as a package  
|- lib # necessary libraries for provider  
|- services  
|- ...
```

How to Create a new Check - II

- For each provider, there is a folder per service, e.g.:

```
o prowler/providers/aws/services/  
  |  
  |- iam  
    |- iam_client.py # Initialise IAM Service  
    |- iam_service.py # Gather IAM Information with provider SDK  
    |- __init__.py  
  |- ec2  
    |- ec2_client.py # Initialise EC2 Service  
    |- ec2_service.py # Gather EC2 Information with provider SDK  
    |- __init__.py  
  |- ...
```

How to Create a new Check - III

- Service information is gathered with the API Calls from the provider SDK (e.g., Boto3).
 - This information is then parsed inside every check.
 - In AWS, API calls are parallelized by region to increase performance by generating a client per AWS Service and Region.

How to Create a new Check - IV

- Each Service has a class per type of resource:
 - Attributes filled by the API calls.
 - E.g. IAM User, EC2 Instance or Security Group...

```
def __describe_security_groups__(self, regional_client):
    logger.info("EC2 - Describing Security Groups...")
    try:
        describe_security_groups_paginator = regional_client.get_paginator(
            "describe_security_groups"
        )
        for page in describe_security_groups_paginator.paginate():
            for sg in page["SecurityGroups"]:
                self.security_groups.append(
                    SecurityGroup(
                        sg["GroupName"],
                        regional_client.region,
                        sg["GroupId"],
                        sg["IpPermissions"],
                        sg["IpPermissionsEgress"],
                    )
                )
    except Exception as error:
        logger.error(
            f"{{regional_client.region}} -- {{error.__class__.__name__}}: {{error}}"
        )
```

ec2_service.py

```
class SecurityGroup:
    name: str
    region: str
    id: str
    ingress_rules: list[dict]
    egress_rules: list[dict]
    ...
```

```
class Instance:
    id: str
    region: str
    type: str
    launch_time: str
    image_id: str
    private_dns: str
    private_ip: str
    public_dns: str
    public_ip: str
```

```
class User:
    name: str
    arn: str
    mfa_devices: list[MFADevice]
    password_last_used: str

class MFADevice:
    serial_number: str
    type: str
```

iam_service.py

How to Create a new Check - V

- Inside each service folder there is a folder per check:

```
prowler/providers/<provider>/services/<service>/<check_id>/
```

- The ID of the check must follow the pattern:

```
service_subservice_action → ec2_ami_public
```

- The files inside the check folder are:

```
prowler/providers/<provider>/services/<service>/<check_id>/
```

```
|  
| - <check_id>.metadata.json # contains the check's metadata  
| - <check_id>.py # contains the check's logic  
| - __init__.py # empty init file to treat the folder as a package  
|
```

Check's Metadata

- JSON file containing check information.
- Necessary for check execution.

`<check_id>.metadata.json`

- Inside folder

`providers/<provider>/<service>/
<check-id>/`

`rds_instance_no_public_access.metadata.json`

```
{
  "Provider": "aws",
  "CheckID": "rds_instance_no_public_access",
  "CheckTitle": "Ensure there are no Public Accessible RDS instances.",
  "CheckType": [],
  "ServiceName": "rds",
  "SubServiceName": "",
  "ResourceIdTemplate": "arn:aws:rds:region:account-id:db-instance",
  "Severity": "critical",
  "ResourceType": "AwsRdsDbInstance",
  "Description": "Ensure there are no Public Accessible RDS instances.",
  "Risk": "Publicly accessible databases could expose sensitive data to bad actors.",
  "RelatedUrl": "https://docs.aws.amazon.com/config/latest/developerguide/rds-instance-public-access-check.html",
  "Remediation": {
    "Code": {
      "CLI": "aws rds modify-db-instance --db-instance-identifier <db_instance_id> --no-publicly-accessible --apply-immediately",
      "NativeIaC": "https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/public_2#cloudformation",
      "Other": "https://www.trendmicro.com/cloudoneconformity/knowledge-base/aws/RDS/rds-publicly-accessible.html",
      "Terraform": "https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/public_2#terraform"
    },
    "Recommendation": {
      "Text": "Using an AWS Config rule check for RDS public instances periodically and check there is a business reason for",
      "Url": "https://docs.aws.amazon.com/config/latest/developerguide/rds-instance-public-access-check.html"
    }
  },
  "Categories": [
    "internet-exposed"
  ],
  "DependsOn": [],
  "RelatedTo": [],
  "Notes": ""
}
```

Check's Logic

- Each check must generate a **report** per finding.

```
from prowler.lib.check.models import Check, Check_Report_AWS
from prowler.providers.aws.services.rds.rds_client import rds_client
```

1

Import classes and service client.

```
class Check_Report:
    status: str
    status_extended: str
    check_metadata: Check_Metadata_Model
    resource_details: str
    resource_tags: list
```



Pepe Fagoaga, 4 weeks ago | 2 authors (Sergio Garcia and others)

```
class rds_instance_no_public_access(Check):
```

```
    def execute(self):
```

```
        findings = []
```

```
        for db_instance in rds_client.db_instances:
```

```
            report = Check_Report_AWS(self.metadata())
```

```
            report.region = db_instance.region
```

```
            report.resource_id = db_instance.id
```

```
            report.resource_arn = db_instance.arn
```

```
            report.resource_tags = db_instance.tags
```

```
            if not db_instance.public:
```

```
                report.status = "PASS"
```

```
                report.status_extended = (
```

```
                    f"RDS Instance {db_instance.id} is not Publicly Accessible."
```

```
                )
```

```
            else:
```

```
                report.status = "FAIL"
```

```
                report.status_extended = (
```

```
                    f"RDS Instance {db_instance.id} is set as Publicly Accessible."
```

```
                )
```

```
        findings.append(report)
```

```
    return findings
```

2

Iterate for each resource in the service client.

3

Do the magic!

```
class Check_Report_AWS(Check_Report):
    resource_id: str
    resource_arn: str
    region: str
```

```
class Check_Report_Azure(Check_Report):
    resource_name: str
    resource_id: str
    subscription: str
```

```
class Check_Report_GCP(Check_Report):
    resource_name: str
    resource_id: str
    project_id: str
    location: str
```

4

Add each finding to list and return the list of findings.

rds_instance_no_public_access.py

How to Create a Compliance Framework

- Create a compliance file in the specific provider folder, e.g, `prowler/compliance/<provider>/`
- Name as the following pattern: `<framework>_<version>_<provider>.json`
- Create the compliance framework data model in `prowler/lib/outputs/models.py`
- Optional: Create the CLI table output in `prowler/lib/outputs/compliance.py`
- Test it with:

```
./prowler-cli.py <provider> --compliance <framework>_<version>_<provider>
```

CIS-x.x framework for a provider

1. Create compliance file with the framework name inside

providers/compliance/<provider>

- E.g.: *cis_1.5_workshop_aws.json*

2. Fill the compliance framework information in the JSON:

- Framework, Version, Provider and Description

3. Add the CIS-X.X requirements with:

- Requirement ID and Description
- Requirement Attributes
- List of Prowler checks that cover the requirement

4. Run it with:

```
./prowler-cli.py aws --compliance cis_1.5_workshop_aws
```

 HINT: If you get stuck, check the compliance for the chosen provider inside this folder:
<https://github.com/prowler-cloud/prowler/blob/master/prowler/compliance/>